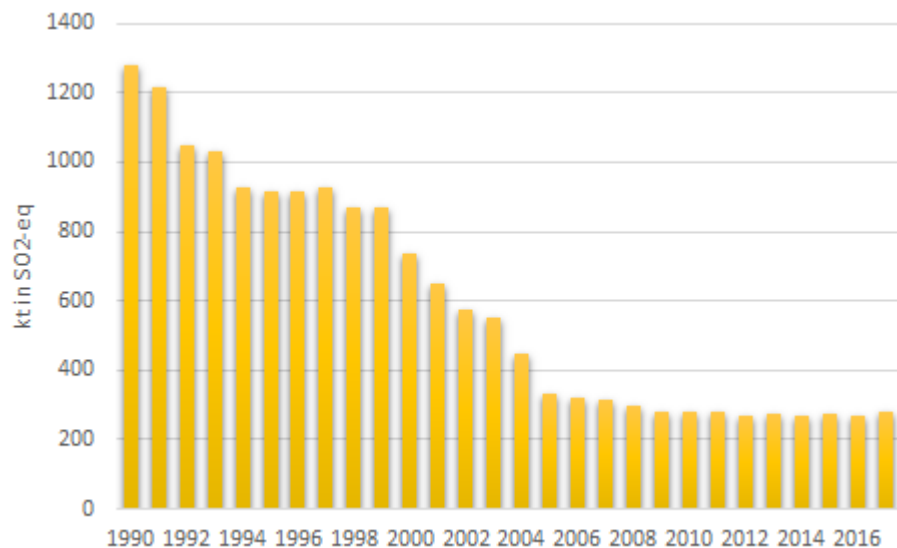


A LÉGSZENNYEZŐANYAG- KIBOCSÁTÁSOK ALAKULÁSA HAZÁNKBAN

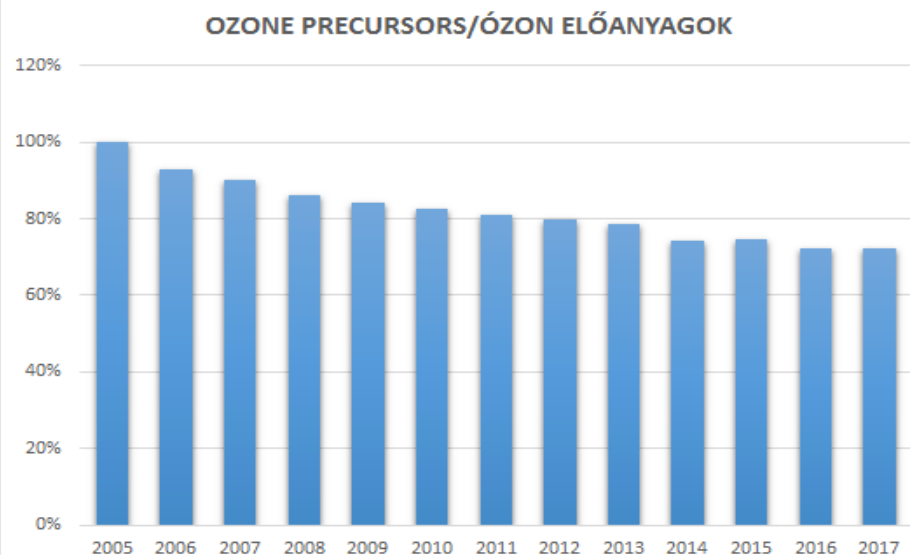
Kis-Kovács Gábor
Nemzeti Emissziós Leltárak Osztálya



Alapítva: 1870

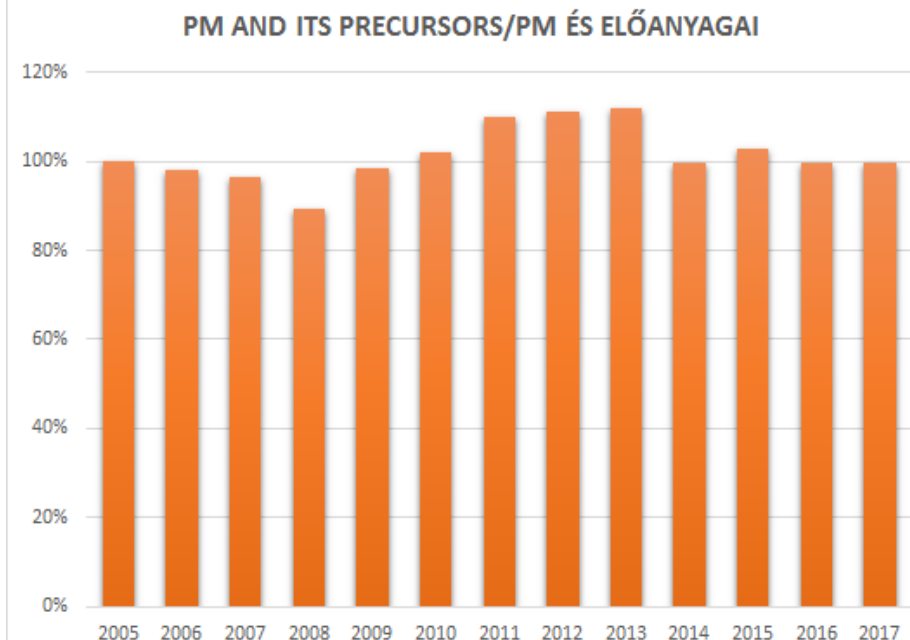
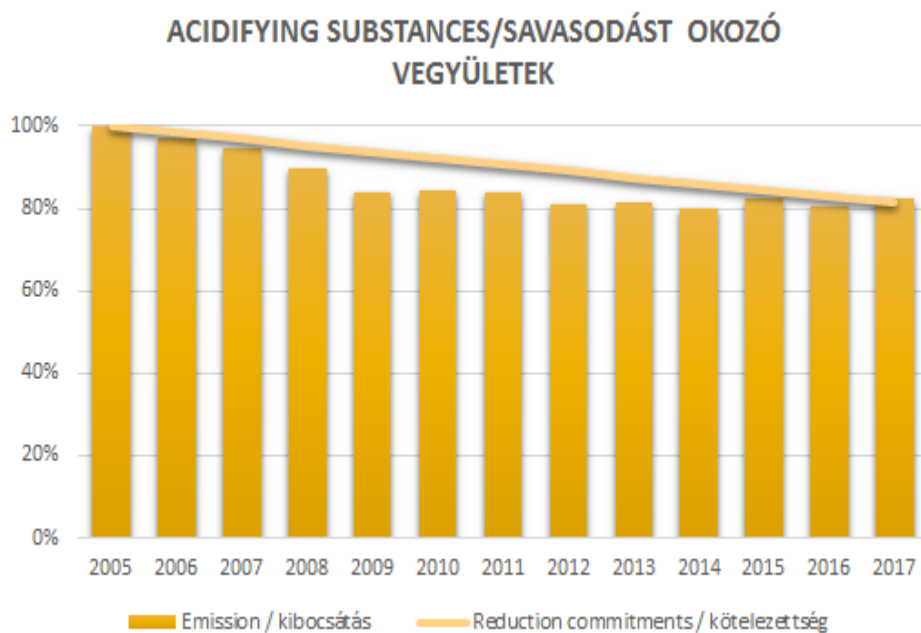


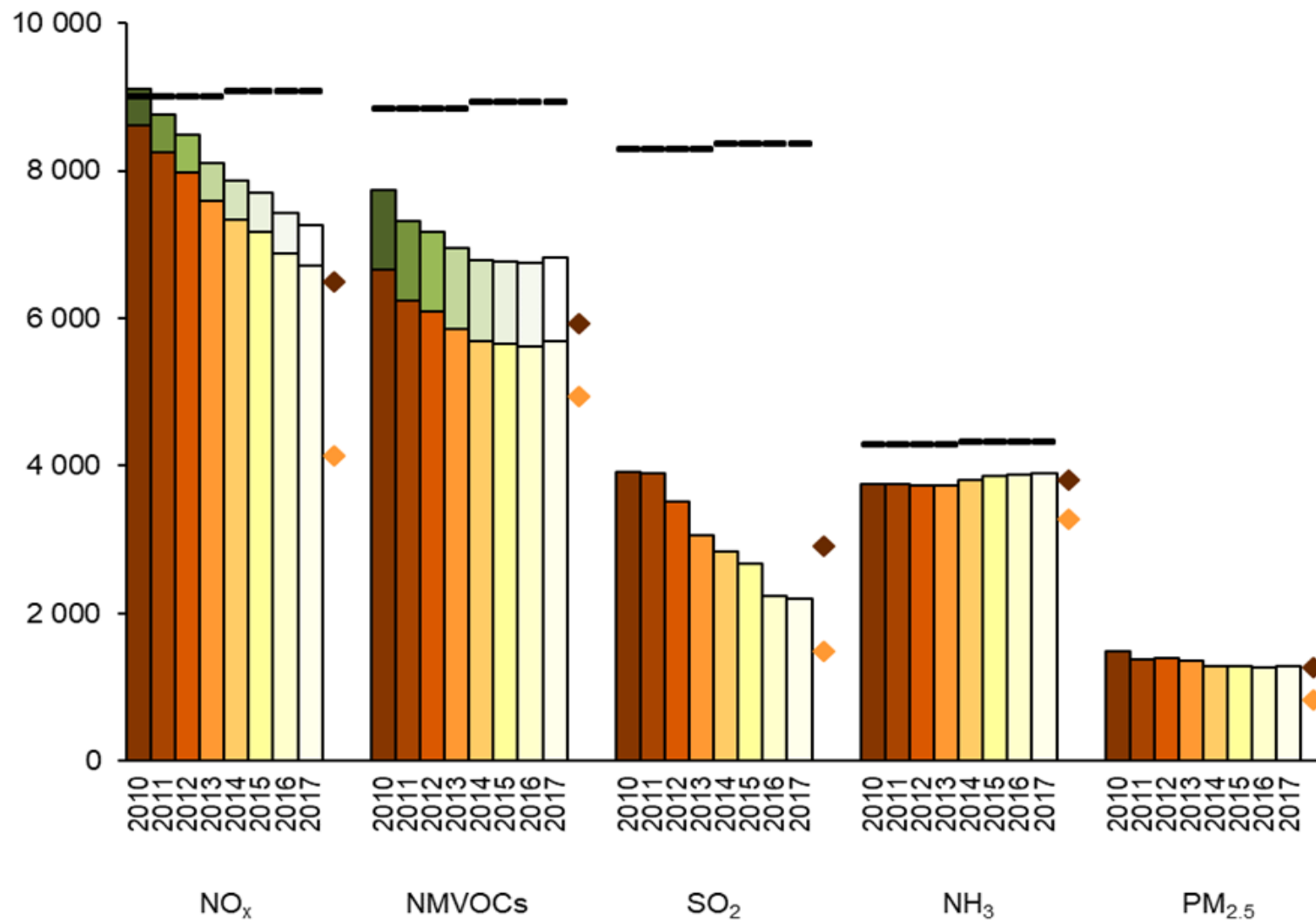
SO₂, NO_x, NH₃



NMVOC, NO_x, CO, CH₄

PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO_x, NH₃, NMVOC





■ Emissions (green = 3B&3D from agriculture)

◆ 2020 Emission reduction commitment

— Annex I emission ceilings

◆ 2030 Emission reduction commitment

Egységes szerkezet

10 11	HU: 15.02.2019: 2017	NFR sectors to be reported			Main Pollutants (from 1990)				Particulate Matter (from 2000)			
					NOx (as NO ₂)	NM VOC	SOx (as SO ₂)	NH ₃	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	TSP	BC
12	NFR Aggregation for Gridding and LPS (GNFR)	NFR Code	Longname	Notes	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt
14	A_PublicPower	1A1a	Public electricity and heat production		11.5627	1.2411	11.1084	0.0011	0.2170	0.2529	0.2815	0.0054
15	B_Industry	1A1b	Petroleum refining		0.8021	0.0643	0.2834	NE	0.0064	0.0064	0.0064	0.0012
16	B_Industry	1A1c	Manufacture of solid fuels and other energy industries		0.7174	0.1266	0.4474	NE	0.0372	0.0577	0.0592	0.0169
17	B_Industry	1A2a	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Iron and steel		0.9675	IE	0.7925	IE	IE	IE	IE	IE
18	B_Industry	1A2b	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Non-ferrous metals		0.4301	IE	0.0871	IE	IE	IE	IE	IE
19	B_Industry	1A2c	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Chemicals		0.5426	0.1799	0.4198	0.0016	0.0100	0.0102	0.0103	0.0017
20	B_Industry	1A2d	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Pulp, Paper and Print		0.5102	0.5302	0.2131	0.0201	0.2416	0.2590	0.2738	0.0252
21	B_Industry	1A2e	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Food processing, beverages and tobacco		1.1930	1.0071	0.0443	0.0862	0.1984	0.2027	0.2121	0.0524
22	B_Industry	1A2f	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Non-metallic minerals		3.3870	0.0277	0.8393	NE	IE	IE	IE	IE
23	L_Offroad	1A2gvii	Mobile Combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: (please specify in the IIR)		2.8238	0.2577	0.0037	0.0015	0.1460	0.1460	0.1460	0.1086
24	B_Industry	1A2gviii	Stationary combustion in manufacturing industries and construction: Other (please specify in the IIR)		1.8910	1.2928	0.1864	0.0952	0.2307	0.2358	0.2466	0.0591
25	H_Aviation	1A3ai(i)	International aviation LTO (civil)		0.5315	0.0471	0.0297	NE	0.0043	0.0043	0.0043	0.0021
26	H_Aviation	1A3aii(i)	Domestic aviation LTO (civil)		0.0014	0.0001	0.0001	NE	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
27	F_RoadTransport	1A3bi	Road transport: Passenger cars		13.4723	5.0773	0.0196	1.0205	0.5675	0.5675	0.5675	0.4270
139	J_Waste	5E	Other waste (please specify in IIR)	(d)	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.9389	0.9389	0.9389	NE
140	M_Other	6A	Other (included in national total for entire territory) (please specify in IIR)		NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
141		NATIONAL TOTAL	National total for the entire territory (based on fuel sold)		119.2832	141.52	27.7221	87.7001	47.9881	68.8665	100.1465	6.8892

[illegible]

Egységes módszertani útmutatók
különböző bonyolultságú számítási
módszerek és emissziós faktorok

$$\text{Emisszió} = AD \cdot EF$$

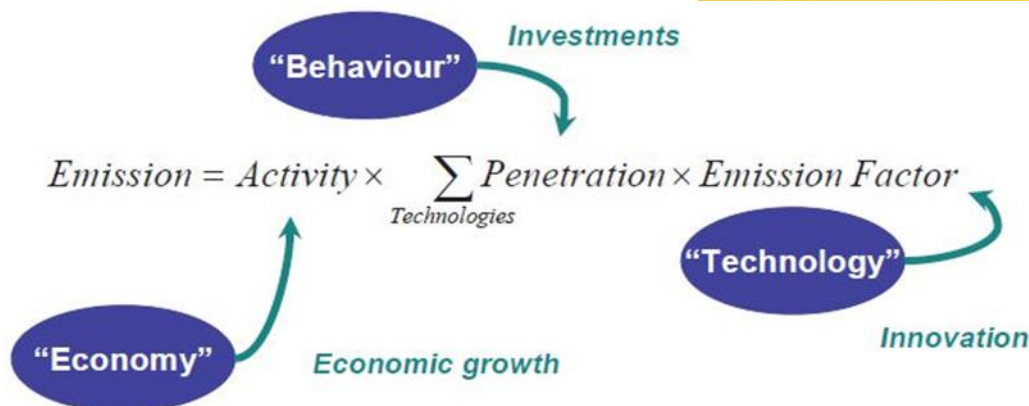
AD (activity data): az emberi
tevékenység mértékét
számszerűsítő mennyiség;

EF (emission factor): az adott
tevékenységre eső egységnyi
kibocsátás.

EMEP/EEA air pollutant emission inventory
guidebook 2016

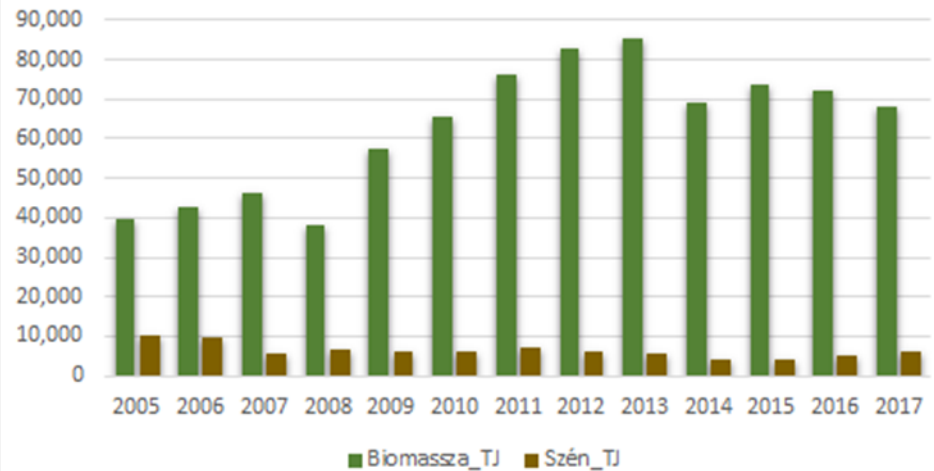
Technical guidance to prepare national emission inventories

ISSN 1977-8448





Lakossági szén- és biomassza-felhasználás



BIOMASS BURNING / BIOMASSZA ÉGETÉS:

Fireplace / kandalló: +10%,

Conventional stove / kályha: 100%

Conventional boiler / hagyományos kazán: -36%,

High efficiency stove / energiahatékony kályha: -50%

Ecolabelled stove / ökocímkés kályha, kazán: -85%

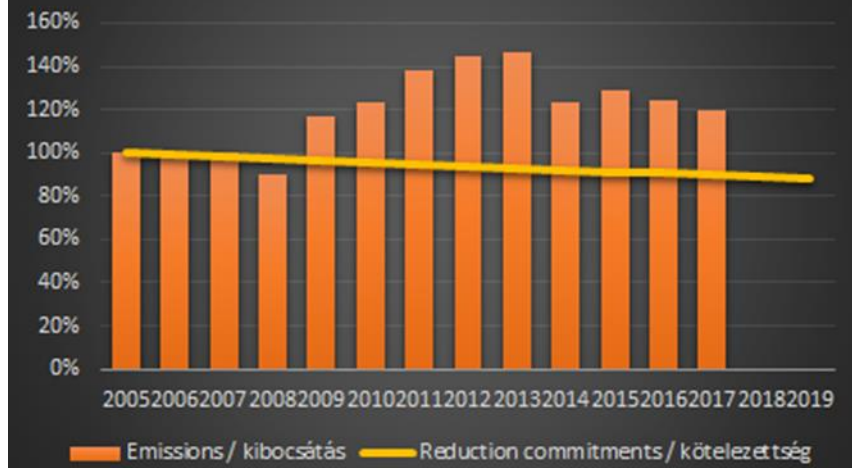
Pellet stoves and boilers / Pellettüzelés: -92%

WRONG PRACTICES / ROSSZ GYAKORLAT

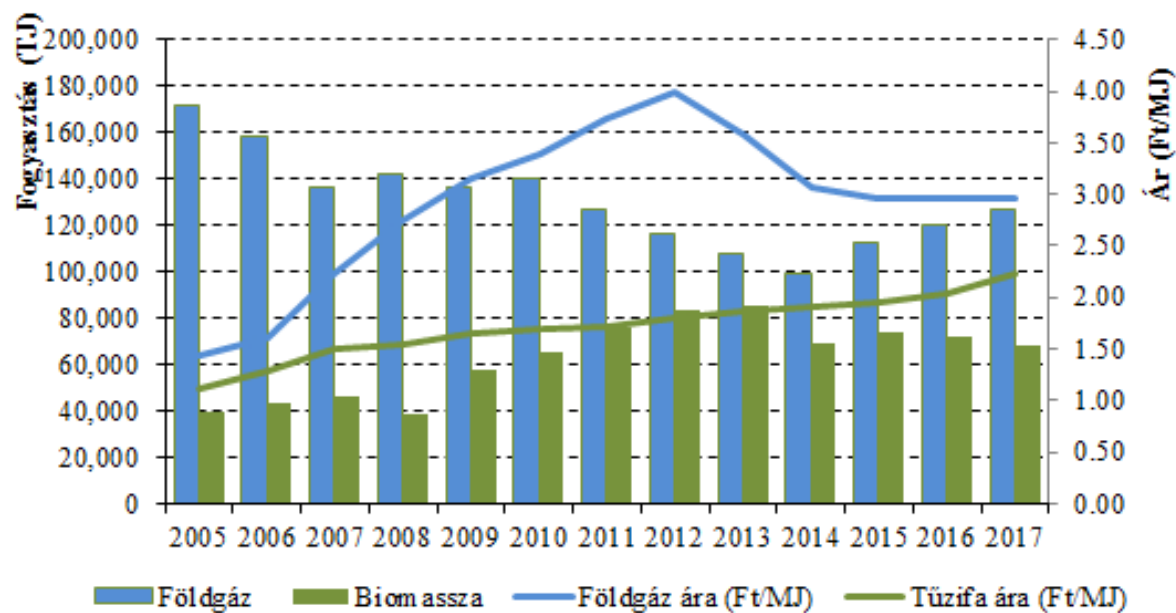
Part load / Részleges megrakás : 4X

Moist fuel / Nedves fa tüzelése: 5X

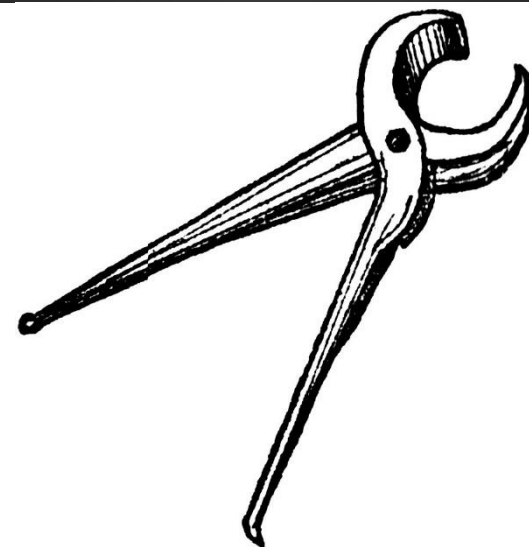
PM2.5



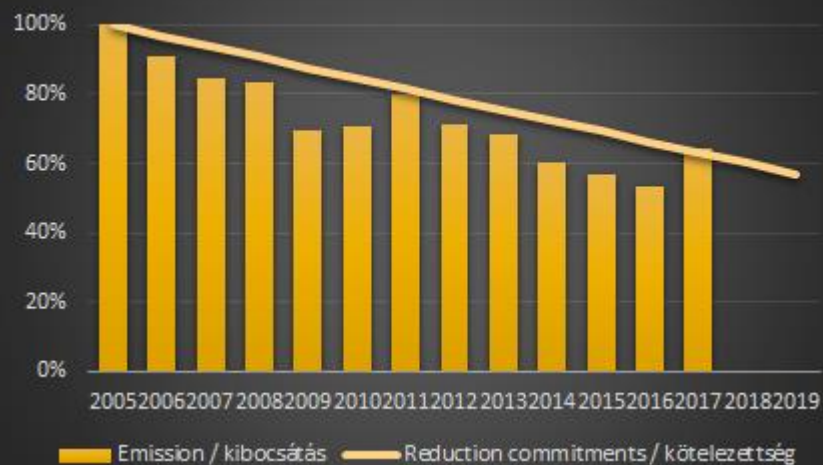
A háztartási földgáz- és biomassza-felhasználás alakulása az árváltozások tükrében



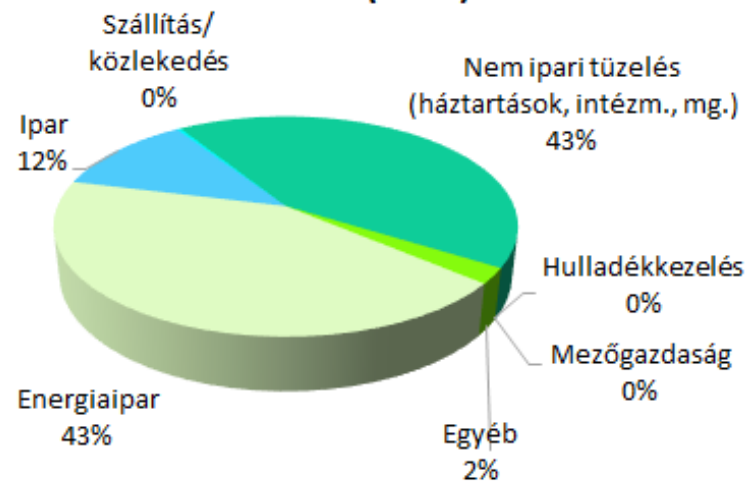
Gasoline/Benzin



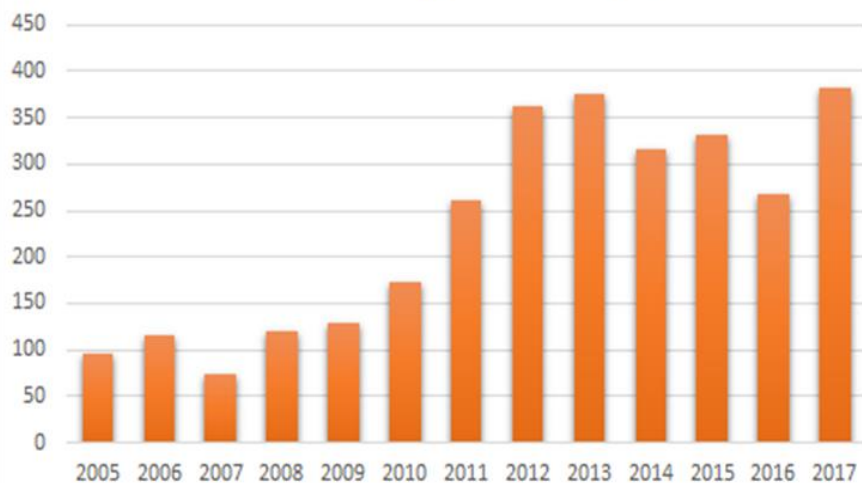
SO2



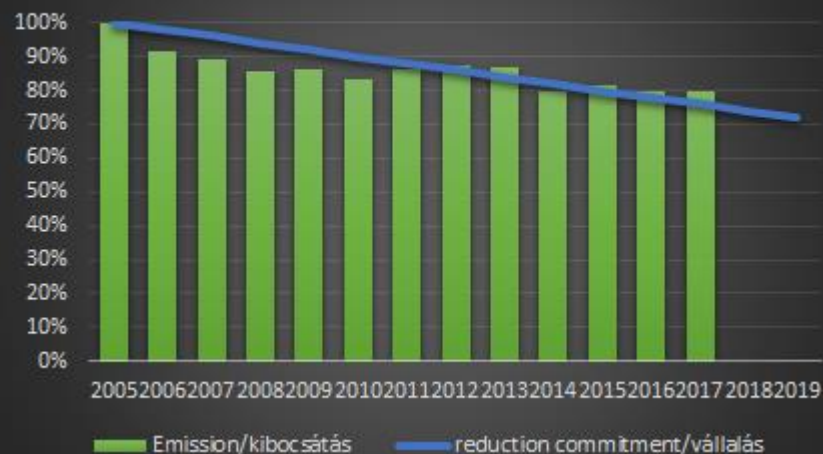
SOx (2017)



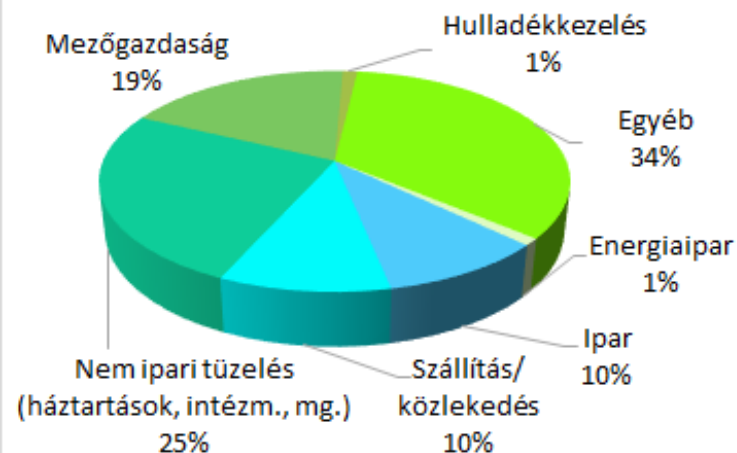
Háztartási lignittüzelés (kt)



NMVOC

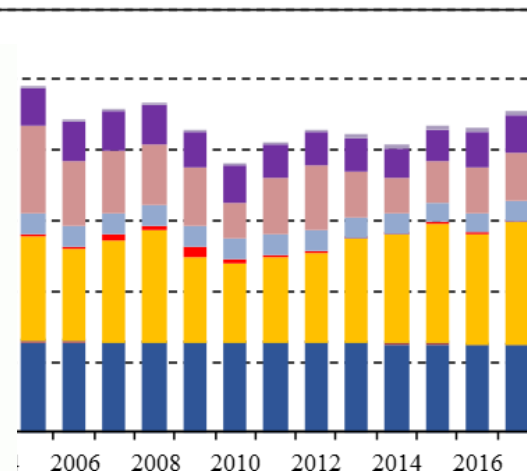


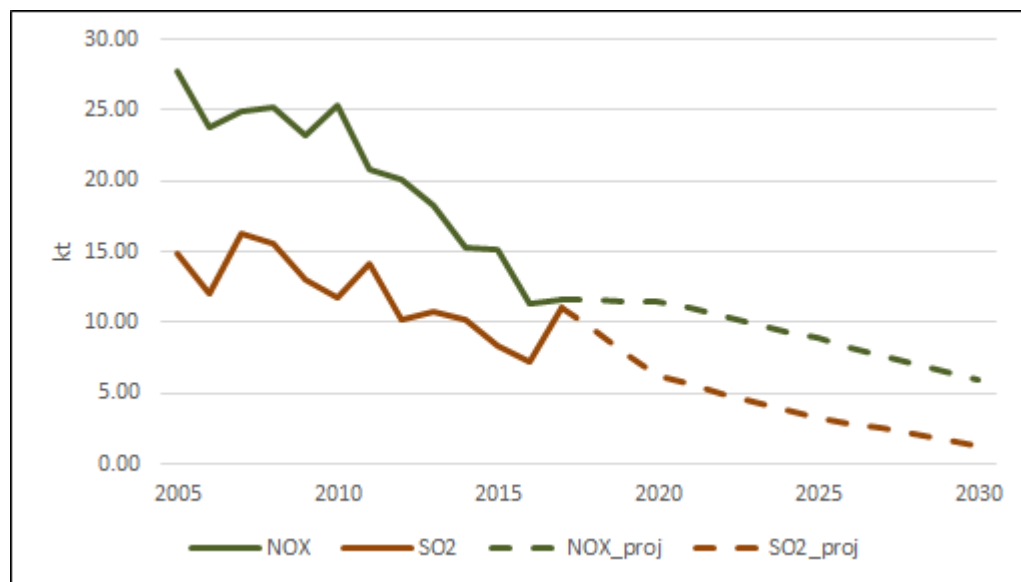
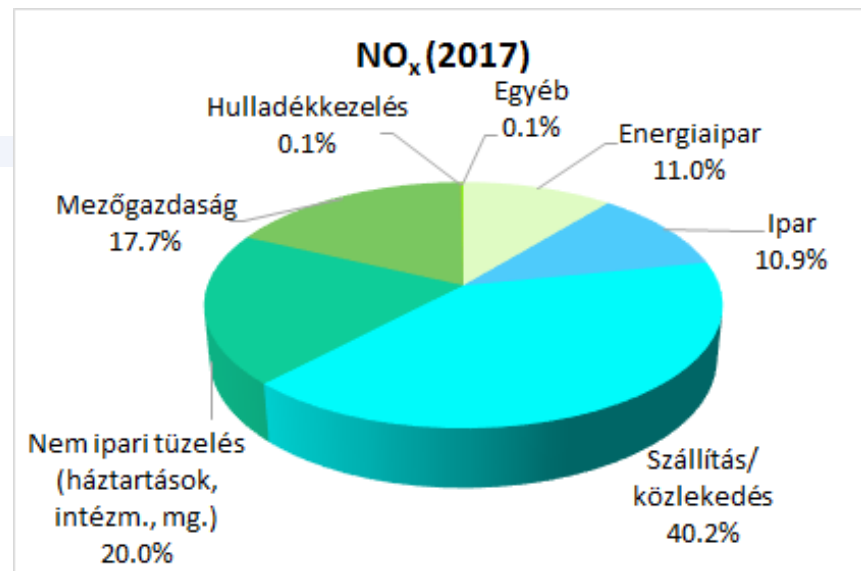
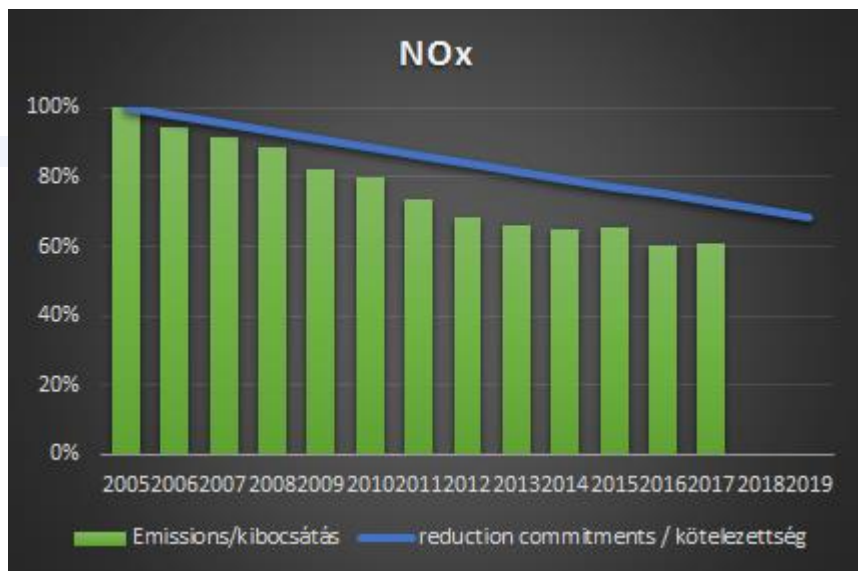
NMVOC (2017)



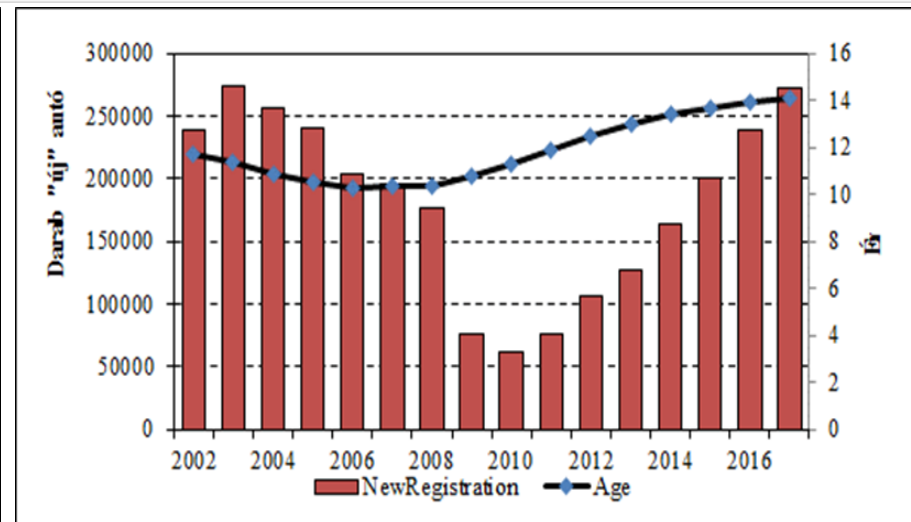
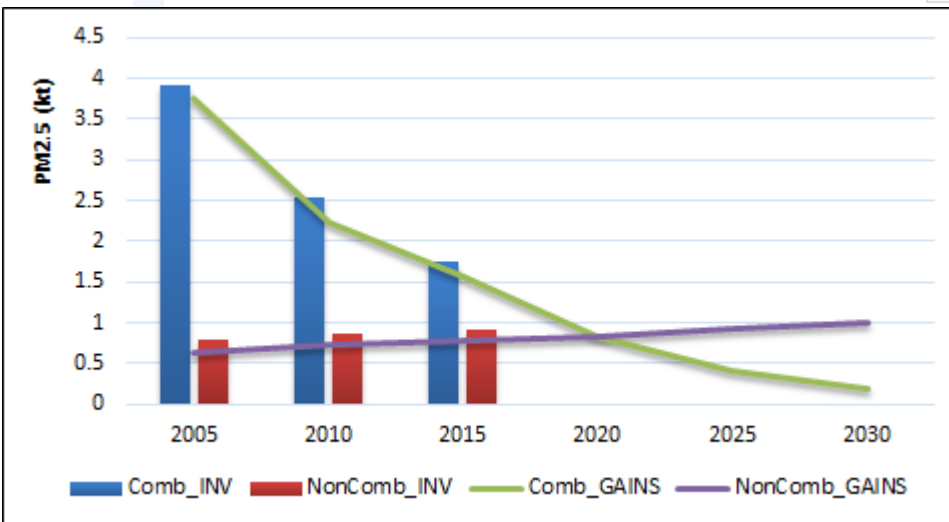
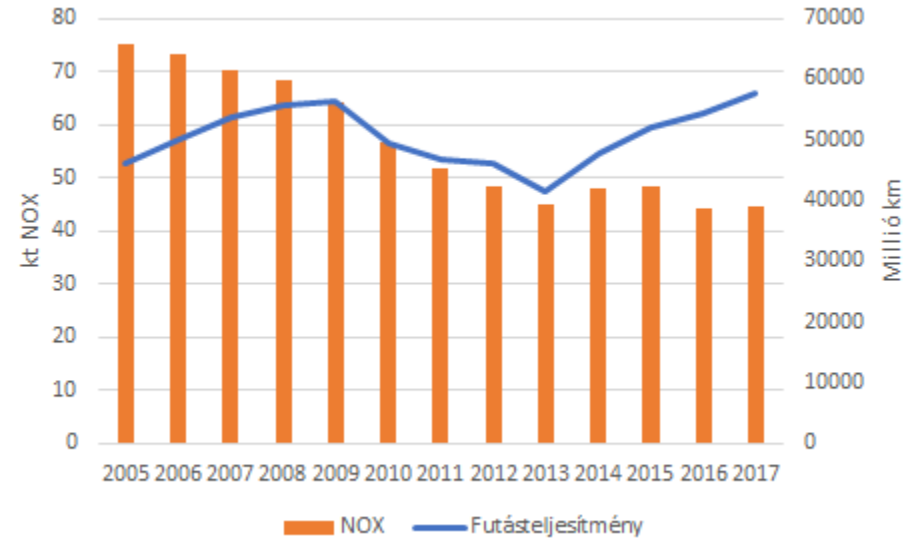
- Domestic solvent use including fungicides
- Asphalt roofing
- Degreasing
- Chemical products
- Other solvent use (please specify in the IIR)

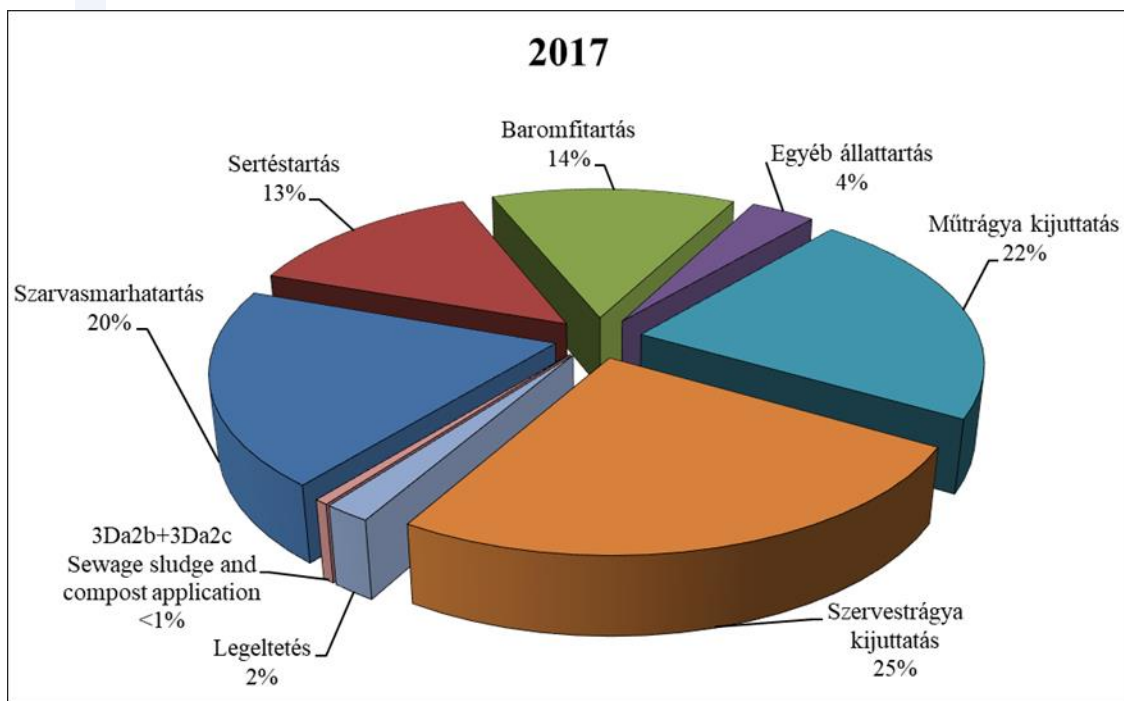
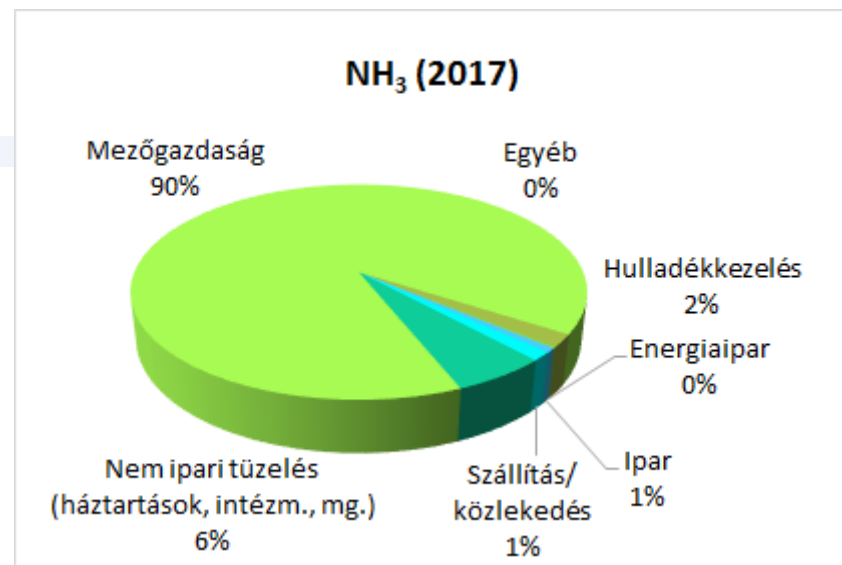
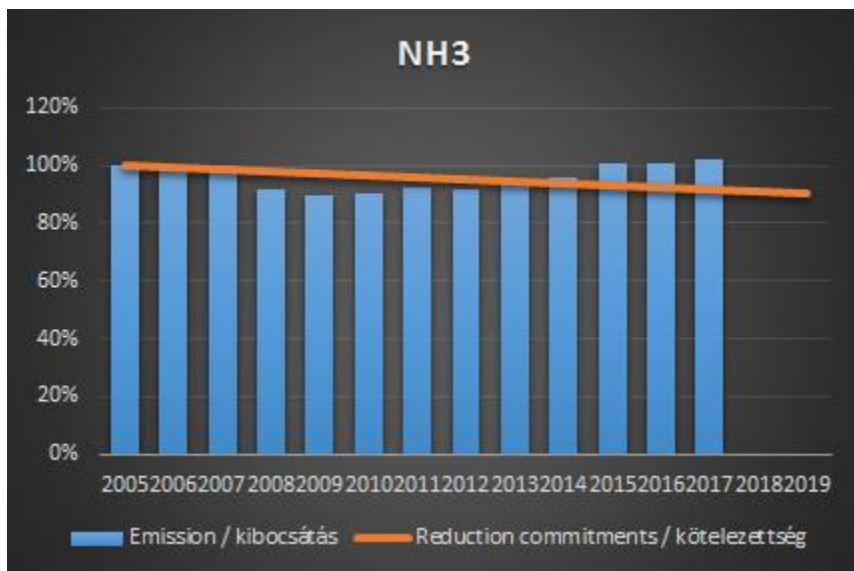
- Road paving with asphalt
- Coating applications
- Dry cleaning
- Printing





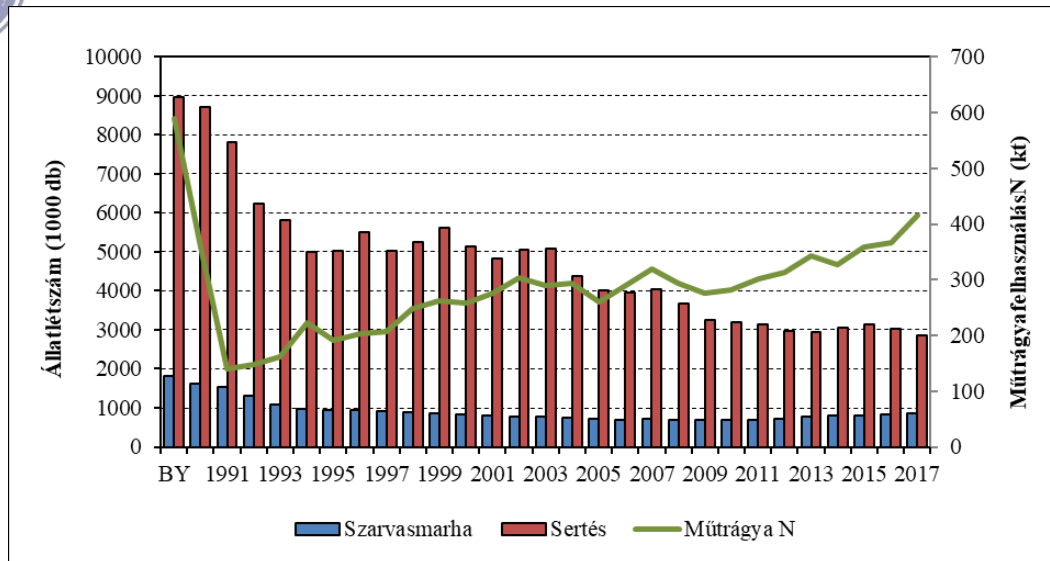
Road transport / Közúti szállítás





A mezőgazdasági eredetű NH₃ kibocsátás legfontosabb forrásai: a szerves és műtrágya kijuttatás, a szarvasmarha-, baromfi- és sertéstartás.

Az NH₃ kibocsátás növekedés okai



Az NH₃ kibocsátás trendjét leginkább a szarvasmarha állatlétszám és tejtermelés; a műtrágya felhasználás, a sertés és a baromfi állomány nagysága határozza meg.

A felhasznált műtrágya N-tartalma, a tejtermelés és a húshasznú szarvasmarha állomány az elmúlt években folyamatosan nőtt.

